ECE 301 (Section 001) Homework 6, Spring 2021

- Problem 1 (Properties of LTI Systems) Determine whether the following LTI systems are causal, memoryless, and stable, respectively. Justify your answers.
 - a) $h(t) = e^{-2t}u(t) + e^{t/100}u(t-1)$
 - **b)** $h[n] = (n+1)2^n u[n]$
 - c) $h[n] = 4^n u[2-n]$
 - **d)** $h(t) = e^{-2t} [u(t) u(t-1)].$
- Problem 2 (Vector and Matrix Refresh) Seven data points are arranged as columns of a data matrix X given as follows:

$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- a) Draw all data points on a 2D plane by hand. Properly label the two axes. Clearly mark important axis tick values to facilitate a precise graphical description of the data.
- **b)** Consider each point as a vector. Calculate the angle (in °) between $[2 \ 2]^T$ and the five other points (excluding $[0 \ 0]^T$), respectively, using the inner/dot product formula that involves the angle. Note that the angle between two vectors can be negative.
- c) Calculate the matrix outer product for \mathbf{X} , namely, $\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{X}\mathbf{X}^T$. Show the intermediate steps of calculating each element of the 2-by-2 matrix \mathbf{R} .
- d) The matrix outer product can also be calculated via $\mathbf{R} = \sum_{i=1}^{7} \mathbf{x}_i \mathbf{x}_i^T$, where \mathbf{x}_i is the *i*th column of \mathbf{X} . Evaluate the numerical result. Note that each $\mathbf{x}_i \mathbf{x}_i^T$ is a 2-by-2 matrix.
- e) Now, consider each column of **X** as a *single* block-entry of the matrix. Rewrite **X** and **X**^T into the form of the vector of blocks-entries, respectively. Use the vector multiplication rule to show that $\mathbf{R} = \sum_{i=1}^{7} \mathbf{x}_i \mathbf{x}_i^T$.

Problem 3 (Linearly independence, Basis, and Vector Space)

- a) Are vectors $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$, and $\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$ linearly independent? What about $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$, $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, and $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$? Justify your answers.
- **b)** You are given a vector space $V = \text{span} \{ \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \}$.
 - (i) Express V in a set representation.
 - (ii) Can you find a basis for V?
 - (iii) Are [5 8 0], [8 0 5], and [0 5 8] in vector space V? Is yes, what are the coefficient for each vector of the basis you found in (ii)?
 - (iv) Draw all points of (iii) in a 3D coordinate. Illustrate vector space V using a plane formed by the vectors of the basis.

c) (Problem changed into bonus due to wellness day. 2') Let

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 & -3 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

What is the dimension of the column vector space of **A**? What is the rank of **A**?

Problem 4 (Projection) You are given a data matrix

$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.92 & 1.09 & -1.35 & 2.06 & -0.60 & -0.28 \\ -0.08 & 1.15 & -1.67 & 1.08 & -1.14 & 0.66 \end{bmatrix}.$$

and its principal component $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.7474 & 0.6644 \end{bmatrix}^T$.

- a) Plot the data points using circles and the principal component using a line segment/arrow on a 2D plane using Matlab.
- **b)** Calculate the projection c_i for each data point \mathbf{x}_i to **u**. Calculate the sample variance of $\{c_i\}$.
- c) Repeat b) using another unit vector $\mathbf{u}_a = \begin{bmatrix} 0.8 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}^T$. Is the newer sample variance smaller than that in b)?
- Group Study (1', bonus) Take a screenshot of the whole team with everyone's camera capturing his/her face. One of you will share a window showing the specific homework assignment sheet that you are working on. Include the screenshot in your own homework submission as Problem 5. Your screen shoot gets you 1 bonus point; your group members need to do it separately to earn theirs. If you forgot to attach your screenshot for HW5, attach it to HW6.